

THE TRANSFER OF DR. JUSTICE S. MURALIDHAR IS PUNITIVE

News of Dr. Justice S. Muralidhar's transfer from the Delhi High Court to the High Court of Punjab and Haryana came as an undesirable surprise to the lawyer in Delhi. Generally viewed as a courteous, yet firm, Judge Dr. Muralidhar treasures our Constitutional qualities and has consistently been a defender of free discourse and people rights. Consistent with his promise of office, he acted without fear or favor and was regarded for the equivalent respect with which he heard all matters. This clarifies the shock felt by all professionals which was reflected in the goals of the Delhi High Court Bar Association condemning his transfer.

His transfer likewise filled in as an unwelcome reminder of the transfer of other similarly regarded Judges of the Delhi High Court a few years back. While one report proposes that Dr. Justice Muralidhar's transfer is a stage towards his arrangement as Chief Justice at the Punjab and Haryana High Court, there is nothing sound in the open area today to help this hypothesis. Different Judges have likewise been moved nearby Dr. Justice Muralidhar and these aggregate demonstrations of move are making professionals question the way toward moving Judges and prompting superfluous and unfortunate hypothesis inside the legal community.

Article 222 of our Constitution deals with the transfer of Judges and state that the President may, after consulting with the Chief Justice of India, transfer a Judge starting with one High Court then onto the next. This Article has been dependent upon broad judicial review and interpretation. And if transfers are based on "public interest" then does the public not have a right to know such reasons? For what reason should these reasons not be justifiable, particularly when the President declining mercy petitions have been permitted to be challenged.



HIMANSHU GUPTA
B.A.LL.B. 6TH SEMESTER
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THE CITY PAID A PRICE BECAUSE POLITICIANS INDULGED IN HATE SPEECH

The Delhi riots have left not just 53 dead but also a series of troubling questions. We need to pay attention to these in our own interests.

Throughout the previous three months, the seeds of viciousness were being planted in Delhi. This is the shocking perfection of the provocative issues our political pioneers have been attempting to concentrate on in the last a few races. The invisible warriors of social media were also stoking this fire. Why don't we understand the fact that the tone and language of our politicians change according to the place, time and circumstances? Take the example of the politician who was a member of AAP used to rebuke Prime Minister. In 2019, He joined the BJP and suddenly became a self-declared protector of Hindu interests. His threatening remarks set the ground for the horrific Delhi riots.

It's important to mention AAP

councilor. The manner in which petrol bombs, stones and chemicals were

When the violence was spread in northeast Delhi the natives of old Delhi, where Hindus and Muslims have been living side by side for centuries, was peaceful. Not one stone was hurled there. Why? a question to the individuals of this nation. Are the individuals of this nation so innocent that they can be deceived by what different politicians state? In the event that we quit polling in favor of such politician, they will likewise be compelled

allegedly found in his custody shows what a dangerous game our politicians are playing.

The anti CAA protestors movement, though inadvertently, has helped such people.

If the police got into action at the right time, people wouldn't have needed to go to the courts requesting help. The circumstance got so wild that their own head constable succumbed to the viciousness.



to do without such ignitable expressions and talk. It is imperative to stay cautious and mindful, and not fall prey to disruptive governmental issues.



MEHUL PAREEK
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DELHI RIOTS: HOW THE NATION HAS FAILED

The violence was not an unconstrained conflict or contention turned out badly between two groups of, supporting or opposing the citizenship enactment. Every victim whether Hindu or Muslim has discussed the assaulters being totally outsiders and stranger to their locality. Indeed, inside nearby networks, Muslims and Hindus have generally protected one another. The example of brutality and various observer accounts all point to a conscious releasing of men, outfitted with swords and irons poles, into focused territories.

Despite a few good men in the police who held fast and carried out their responsibility boldly, and despite the way that in parts of north-east Delhi, the police too went under brutal assault, the police, generally, has empowered this savagery.

In spite of the fact that trolls need to push a strict wedge through the discussion over the role of the police, it would be ideal if you converse with sufferers. You will find people saying precisely the same thing the police, was, best silent audience, India has bombed its mob



casualties twice finished. The generally inescapable political learders who makes a point to embed himself into each photograph opportunity is altogether absent on the ground. Why are there no government officials to hand-hold riot victims, Isn't this the basic job of the Indian State?

Though the Prime Minister appled to

maintain the law and order, the peace but didn't made any attempt to wipe up the tears of the victims. Why to only blame the state? Even we the people are least bother to hear the grim.



SOUMEN SASMAL
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Littered Streets, Wisps of Smoke and Ravaged Indian Capital

“I object to violence because when it appears good, the good is only temporary; the evil it does is permanent. - MAHATMA GANDHI

Capital City of India was burning because of tragic communal and political riots. Residents of Maujpur, Chand Bagh, Karawal Nagar and Gokupuri area were culprits as well as victims of these clashes. Major issues behind these riots were Anti- CAA Protest, Pro CAA and NRC Protest, Delhi Assembly Elections and Jamia Milia Incidents. Many people from minority community found the passage of CAA biased and discriminatory for Muslim Community whereas, many pro CAA supporters considered anti Citizenship Amendment Act Protest as Anti – National. It led to protest in Jamia Milia Islamia University and eventually ended as confrontation between police and students. This stroked communal fire between two religions.

Muslim Community alleges rally and address to audience by Kapil Mishra in Maujpur, as the reason behind Delhi clash whereas, Hindu Community holds minority community responsible for initiating violence. Pradhan said, protestors were allowing only vehicles of Muslims to pass through the blockade. They haven't allowed Hindu owner's vehicle to pass by their flock. Around 20 to 30 cars were set on fire by protestors. And, vehicle-owners were also beaten up. That's how it started from Maujpur and spread towards Brijpuri and Chand Bagh.

Aam Aadmi Party alleged Delhi Police's inaction as major drawback in controlling bloodbath. AAP leaders of affected constituencies blamed that,

cops of Delhi police initially some promptness but then left protestors to their fate. Reports indicated that Delhi police took no action to maintain peace despite being present at places of

report, 654 cases had been lodged by the Delhi police and 1,820 detained.

This is very rebukable that a country which is constitutionally secular has become culprit of communal clash in



mishap. Later on, Intelligence agencies deployed Paramilitary forces—Rapid Action Force (RPF) and Central Reserve Police Force (CRPF) on 23 February.

According to Chief Minister of Delhi Mr. Arvind Kejriwal, the attackers were not the local residents of that area. According to conclusions in an initial report prepared by a delegation of the Delhi Minorities Commission, more than 2,000 outsiders or goons occupied two schools for 24 hours to execute the Delhi riots. And, as per a report of outlook, around 53 persons lost their life in riots. Eventually, Two Special Investigation Teams were formulated to execute an investigation on culprits and victims of Delhi violence. As per their

front of United Nations and other countries. On 27th February 2020, CM of Delhi has declared free treatment for injured in both government and private hospitals. He also announced quid pro quos of Rs 10 Lakh for victims, Rs 5 lakh in case of minor's death and Rs 1 lakh ex-gratia and an immediate help aid of Rs 25,000 was also declared. But relief does not justifies bloodbath which took many invaluable lives. No Individual or association can bring can change there is a c o m m u n a l reflection in Indian Politics.



ANIMESH PANDEY
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DELHI RIOTS AFTERMATH: WHAT WE GAINED & WHAT WE LOOSE ?

India's capital is grappling with the aftermath of the worst communal violence in Delhi in decades. More than 45 people, were killed in the clashes. Mobs swept through lanes targeting homes and set up roadblocks looking for attack. Crowds of Hindus and Muslims threw stones and petrol bombs.

The violence which unfolded as President Trump visited the city marks a major turning point for the nation and for the government of Prime Minister Narendra Modi.

Police are facing accusations from victims, witnesses, human rights groups, opposition politicians and Muslim leaders worldwide that they

failed to protect Muslim citizens, and in some cases, even incited attacks themselves. The United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights has expressed "great concern," and the U.S. Commission on International Religious Freedom notes the allegations come amid "efforts within India to target and potentially disenfranchise Muslims."

The cruelty and the barbarity and the inhumanness it is both-sided, the way in which the intelligence officer was stabbed to death allegedly near a councilor's house was "something like what ISIS does." Tales of torture are being traded on both sides, ratcheting up fear, tension and trauma.

Then why don't we understand the fact that the tone and language of our politicians change according to the place, time and circumstances? Are we the people of this nation so innocent that we can be deceived by what different politicians state? A question to each and every individuals of this nation, what we get from these communal violence? What we have gained or what we have loosed? This dreadful riot only left us with the painful memories and ashes of our people.



ANKITH KUMAR SINGH
B.A.LL.B. 6TH SEMESTER,
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DELHI RIOT: MAY BE ONLY A TRAILER

This is the era of technology in which the social media strengthening voice of people at loudest. In Delhi, these narrow minded supporter of right – wing politician burn the midnight oil by making a provocative remarks. These politicians are liable of adding the fuel to the fire that have absorb in the parts of the national capital. Their threatening statement to the anti CAA protesters and giving them the ultimatum either to withdraw their protest or be ready to face the results, heat up the riots. During the Delhi election campaign, the statements of these political leaders shaped the campaign into communal battle. Their remark like India vs. Pakistan designed to disturb the harmony and spread hate to hunt for votes.

The supporter of right wing politicians are not alone the troublemaker. A local Mumbai based politician, had warned that how “our 15 crore” can outweigh “their 100 crore” in the context of the anti-CAA protests. These malicious remarks have only added a toxic edge to communal relations on the ground, leading to an eruption that has left dozens dead and more than 100 injured in the Delhi riots.

This was a riot waiting to happen after months of hateful, shrill talk that has started off dread, hatred and outrage among the communities. Why only blame the politician? The seeds are also sown when some media houses just for the gain TRP made the worst prejudices which deepen the religious divide.

Streets of national capital was burning and religious violence were spreading for 48 hours and the state and the government machinery was caught napping. Which is the reason the role of the state machinery in failing to control the violence has come under the scanner. the police headquarters and administrative leadership in the home ministry need to answer some tough questions.

We also cannot deny with the fact that anti-CAA protests organized by Muslim groups in Delhi took a terribly violent turn, was seen as enough reason to allow local Hindu groups to retaliate with impunity.

The actual worry is that this Delhi riot may be only a trailer, and under the shade of this communal riot a big dangerous plan is still going on.



AYUSH KUMAR VERMA
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Interview with **Adv. Sanjay Sarin** Senior Advocate Supreme Court of India

INTERVIEWED BY BHAVESH TIWARI, ANUJ GUPTA (B.A.LL.B. 10TH SEMESTER)

Kindly share some of your best memories of your Law School

There are so many and if I have choose one then “Bunking classes”. I would Like advice or suggest the students as well as readers sometimes its fine, means it is the life time memory but doing it often will leads to a disastrous result. At the same I would add don't follow this.

While deciding our career options what should be our outlook before choosing a specific line?

Focus on what you want to do and where you see yourself, as a litigator, in corporate or in the seat of a judge. You have to decide for yourself without comparing yourself to others.

Don't do anything when someone is asking you to do it, do it for your happiness where Monday should be the best day for you.

Can you please share the qualities you expect from your junior associate

While recruiting someone or keeping any intern I see two things and these are:

- Honesty about the work they are doing.
- Hard- working.

If someone have these two qualities you can take the best out of them.

What is the best way of explaining a pleading?

The best way to explain anything to a person is to think of him as a child and start from the beginning. Explain it to him in a chronological order then know the law applicable and after that the facts should be written in accordance to the law that whether there is any loop hole in the procedure or whatsoever .

Work as a professional without looking for the result rather focusing upon the best way to get there.

What is your suggestion for our readers?

There is no comparison of one person to another. The field of law gives you many opportunities so rather than restricting yourself to judiciary or litigation focus on what makes you happy.

You should not have any complex from others and Monday should be the best day in your life, you should be waiting for Monday plus not everyone can be Harish Salve and we also don't know whether he's happy or not.

So focus on your work and be dedicated to it, do whatever makes you happy.

CURRENT AFFAIRS FEBRUARY 2020

1. On February 26th 2020, the Government of Sri Lanka rendered a formal draft to the United Nations, pertaining its willingness to withdraw from the United Nations Human Rights Council (UNHRC).
2. In February 2020, a proposal has been made to National Tiger Conservation Authority (NTCA) to declare The Malai Mahadeshwara Wildlife Sanctuary as a Tiger Reserve.
3. On February 27th, The National Association of Software and Services Companies (NASSCOM) and NITI Aayog's Atal Innovation Mission came together to introduce a new module opening the world of artificial intelligence for Indian schools.
4. In, Lok Prahari vs. Union of India, Supreme Court held that, there should be mandatory disclosure of assets and sources of income of political candidates along with their dependents and family member.
5. Recently, Supreme Court made it obligatory for every political party to publish details of cases against their candidates and rational reason for selecting them over others.
6. Recently, Union Cabinet gave assent to formulate 22nd Law Commission for the term of next 3 years.
7. On 24th February, the National Integration Camp was held in South Sikkim, it was inaugurated by the Lok Sabha MP Shri Indra Hang Subba at the Indian Himalayan Centre for Adventure and Ecotourism Institute at Chemchey.
8. The Finance Minister of India Shrimati Nirmala Sitharaman launched the Enhanced Access and Service Excellence (EASE 3.0) reform agenda on February 26th 2020.
9. On February 27th, VAJRA was launched by the Union Minister of State for Shipping and Chemicals & Fertilizers Shri Mansukh Mandviya in Chennai.
10. On 20th February, the Current Secretary to the President of India Shri Sanjay Kothari was appointed as the new Chief Vigilance Commissioner by a committee headed by Hon'ble Prime Minister Narendra Modi.

NATIONAL SERVICE SCHEME

(21ST – 27TH FEBRUARY 2020)

A person's most useful asset is not the head full of knowledge, but a heart full of love, an ear ready to listen and a hand willing to help. In order to become a hand, who can serve its best to the nation, Indore Institute of Law along with its management, staff and diligent group of 50 students became a part of this another chapter of National Service Scheme 2020. It was a seven day camp, organized between 21st of February to 27th Feb 2020 in Sindoda village of Indore (M.P).

Team of 50 sedulous volunteers went

into village to redound nation with a pre planned map of themes for next seven days, which were Sanitization, Environment, Legal Aid, Empowerment, Health and Amusement. First day began with Orientation of another chapter of NSS. Later on, students diligently involved themselves in implementation of decided theme for day 1 and contributed in cleaning premises of Government Secondary School, Sindoda. Students well-turned aims and objectives of National Service

Scheme by planting lot of saplings in village, spreading awareness among residents of village, arranging legal aid camp with major contribution of renowned panel of advocates from Indore High Court, organizing a health check up camp in collaboration with doctors and medical assistants of Apollo Hospital and by planning a zoo visit for under privileged children of village.

In order to wind up all activities on last day of camp and to reach at epilogue, students organized a Valedictory

Ceremony in presence of Eminent Chief Guest Dr. Prakesh Gadwal Sir, Hon'ble Chairman Mr. Akshay Kanti Bam, Mr. Gaurav Jain, and Dr. Manpreet kaur Rajpal, Sarpanch of Sindoda and Principal of Government Secondary School, Sindoda. Dignitaries gave special vote of thanks to management, faculties & villagers and facilitated all volunteers with certificate to panegyryze them.



Auspicious lamp lighting by Chairman **Mr. Akshay Kanti Bam** and other dignitaries



Orientation Event in the presence of Head of the Department **Ms. Manpreet Kaur Rajpal** along with the faculties and enthusiastic volunteers



Vote of thanks and Farewell address by dignitaries to villagers and volunteers on **Valedictory Ceremony**



An attempt to bestow educational awareness by Chief Guest **Mr. Prakesh Gadwal** and Chaiman **Mr. Akshay Kanti Bam**



Students of IIL **teaching the village kids** the basics of computer



Free health check-up and awareness camp at village Sindoda as a part of NSS Camp in collaboration with Apollo Hospital



An attempt to provide villagers **free legal aid** by our respected guest, staff and students of Indore Institute of Law.



Bringing a smile to these innocent faces, **a trip to Indore zoo** with the students of the Government school and IIL along with the staff and students of IIL

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